



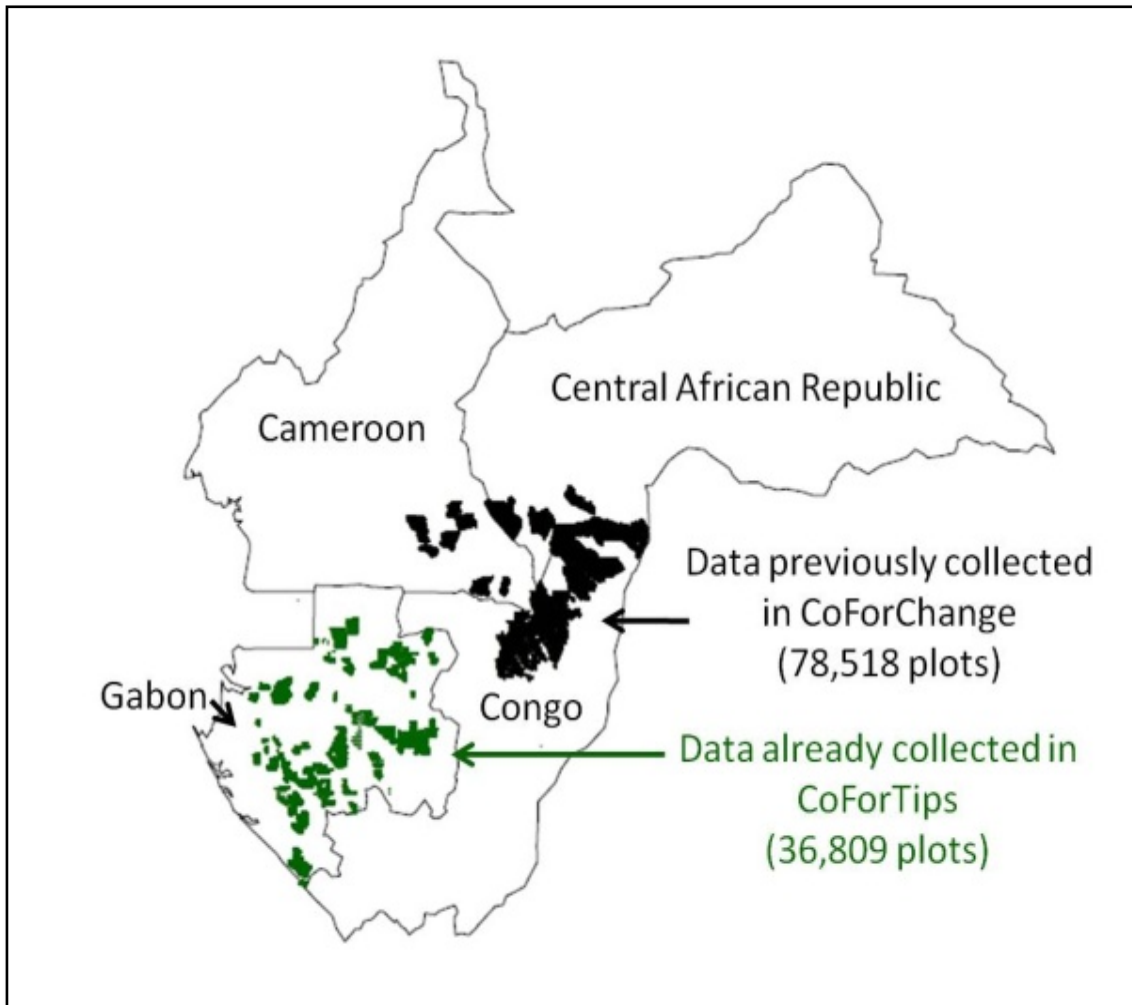
WP. 1. Biodiversity and resilience landscapes

Participants

Nicolas Barbier, Xavier Bry, Guillaume Cornu, Valéry Gond,
Sylvie Gourlet-Fleury*, **Maxime Réjou-Méchain**, Frédéric
Mortier, Raphaël Pélissier*, Catherine Trottier, Gaëlle Viennois.

*PI

Compiling floristic inventories of the Central African forests



7,500,000
trees

Compiling information on species characteristics and uses

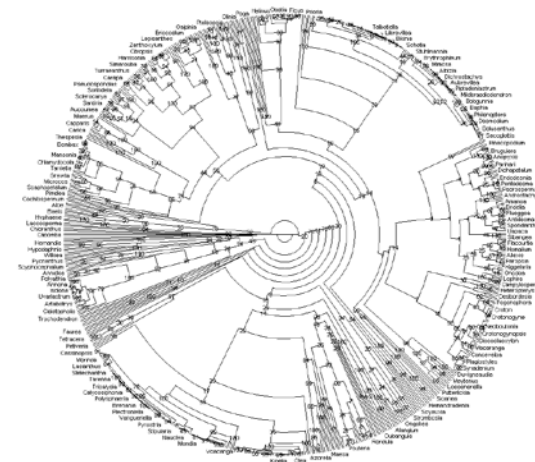
Functional traits



1231 african species (Benedet et al. *in prep*)

- Dispersal syndrome: 95%
- Deciduousness: 79%
- Max height: 94%
- Wood density: 71%
- Seed vol: 86%
- Leaf area: 95%

Molecular phylogeny



Markers:
MatK/rbcl

Medicinal uses

- PROTA (*Plant Resources Of Tropical Africa*)
- PRELUDE (*Medicinal Plant Database*)

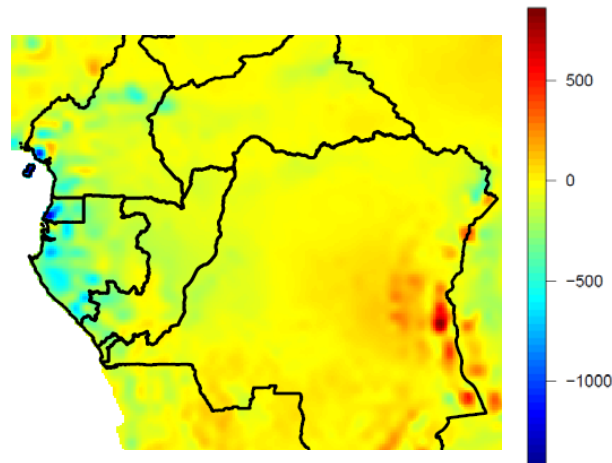
584 species

Codes for pathologies

Classes of usages

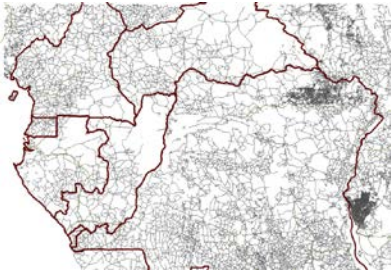
Compiling information on environment

- **SOIL** (HWSD/IIASA)
- **ALTITUDE** (SRTM)
- **WETNESS** (<http://africasoils.net/>)
- **BIOCLIMATIC VARIABLES** (AFRICLIM)
Current and futur predictions (2055, 2085)
under two scenarios:
 - rcp45: concerted rapid CO2 mitigation
 - rcp85: 'business-as-usual'
- **CWD** (Chave et al. 2014)
- **MIR, NIR, RED** (<http://africasoils.net/>)
- **EVI** (V. Gond, G. Cornu)
- **RADAR BAND L** (Stéphane Mermoz)
- **GEOMORPHOLOGY** (N. Barbier)
- **ANTHROPOGENIC PRESSURE**



Annual rainfall (present-2085, rcp85)

Toward an anthropogenic Index



gROADSv1
(+ rail road)



FAO rivers
(Strahler index <6)

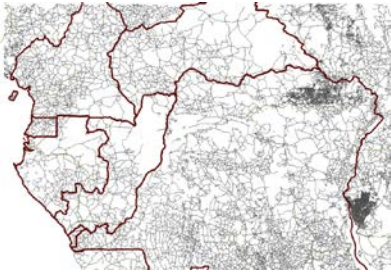


Smaller distance to a road, river or rail road

=

DistTransport

Toward an anthropogenic Index



gROADSv1
(+ rail road)



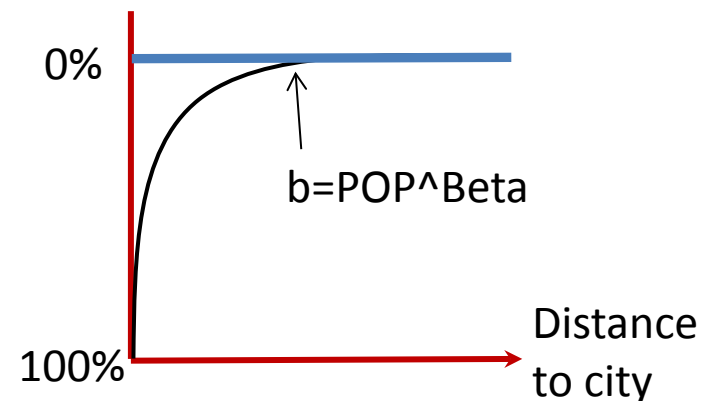
FAO rivers
(Strahler index <6)



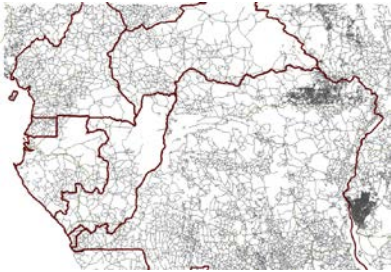
Grumpv1 +
10 cities Natural Earth

Smaller distance to a road, river or rail road
=
DistTransport

$$\text{CityInfluence} = X\% * \text{POP}$$



Toward an anthropogenic Index



gROADSv1
(+ rail road)



FAO rivers
(Strahler index <6)



Grumpv1 +
10 cities Natural Earth

DistTransport

CityInfluence

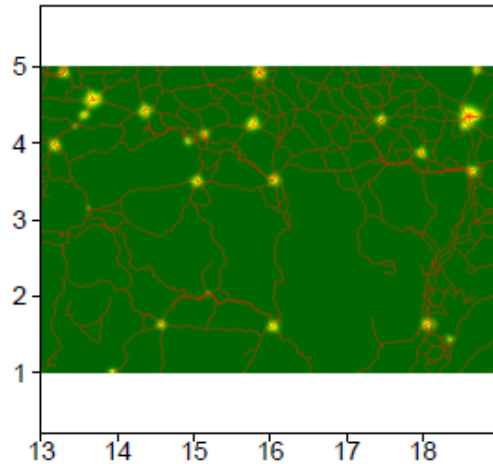
Normalisation

$$X_{norm} = \sqrt{X + 1} / \max(\sqrt{X + 1})$$

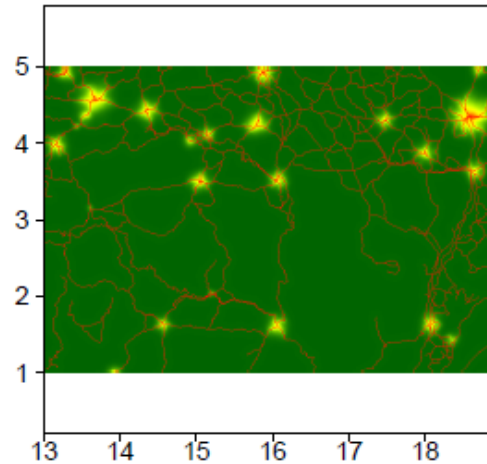
$$\text{AntropoIndex} = \log(\text{InflVilles} / \text{DistTransport})$$

Toward an anthropogenic Index

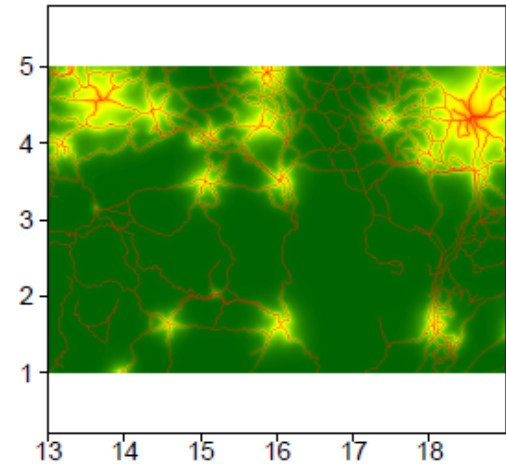
EXP= 0.05



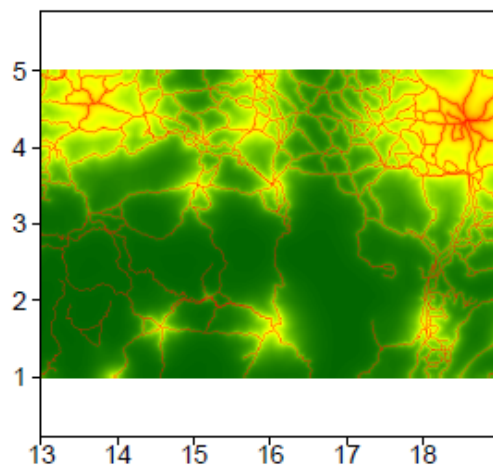
EXP= 0.1



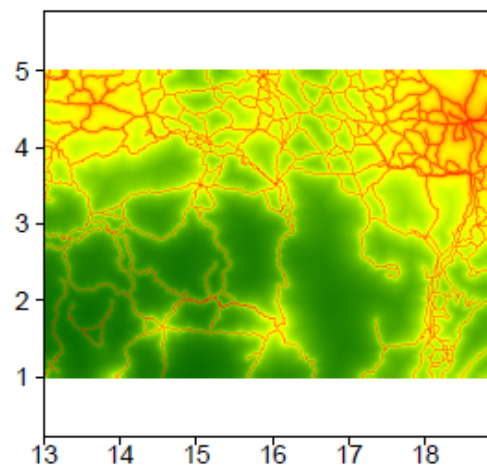
EXP= 0.2



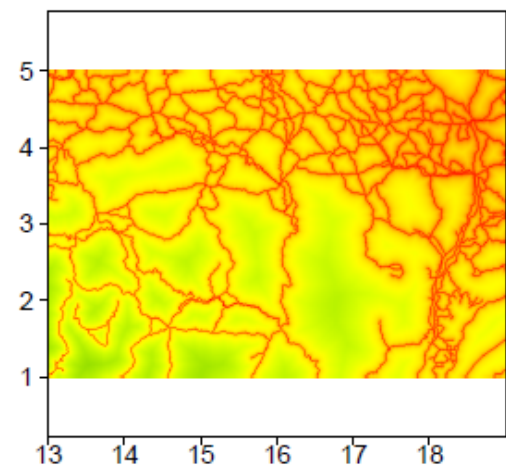
EXP= 0.25



EXP= 0.3

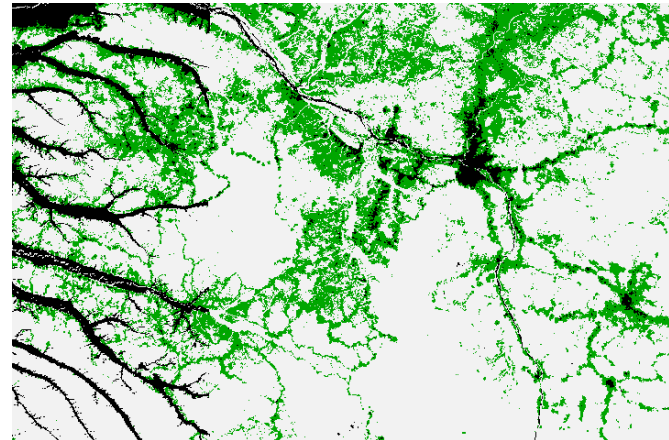
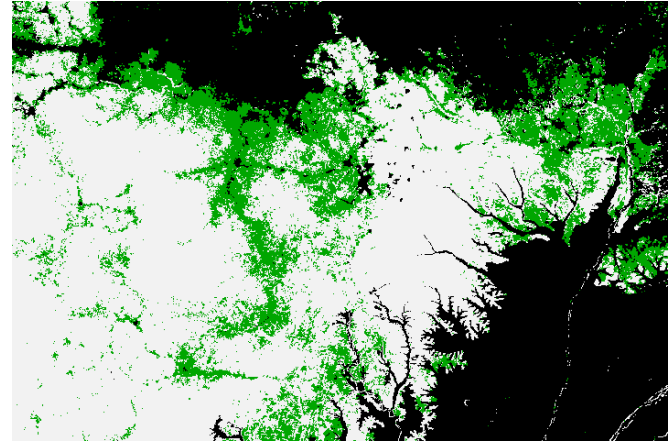
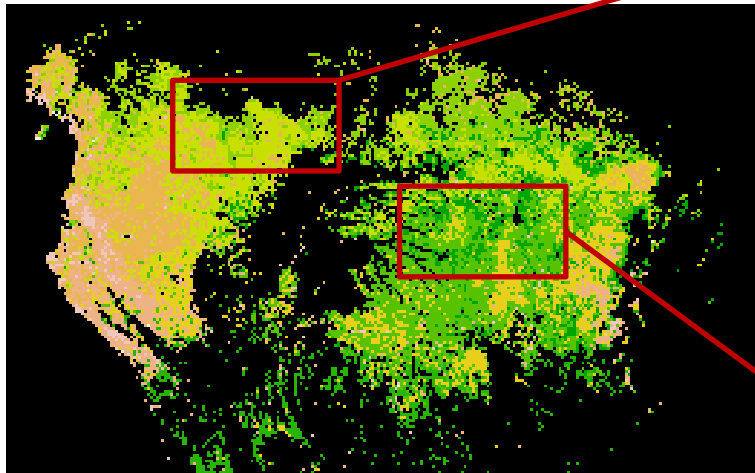


EXP= 0.4



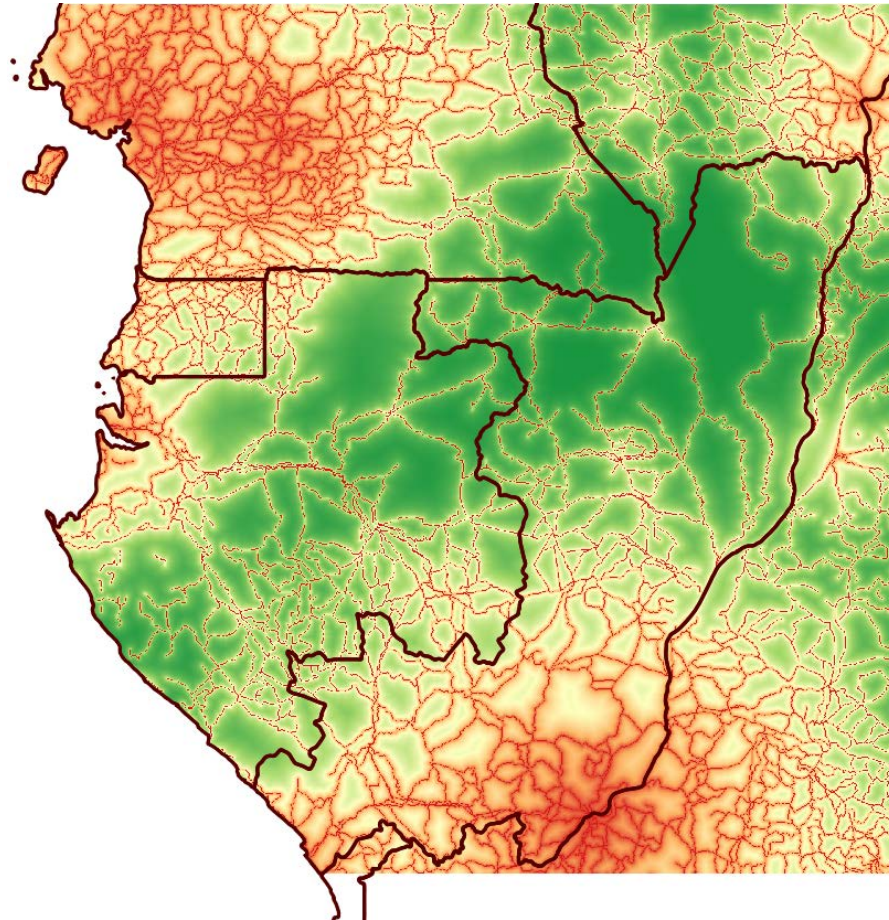
Toward an anthropogenic Index

Carte V. Gond/G. Cornu



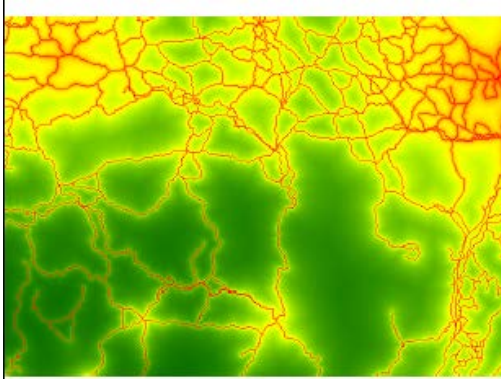
Toward an anthropogenic Index

MCMC approach
(performance AUC=0.78 et 0.68)

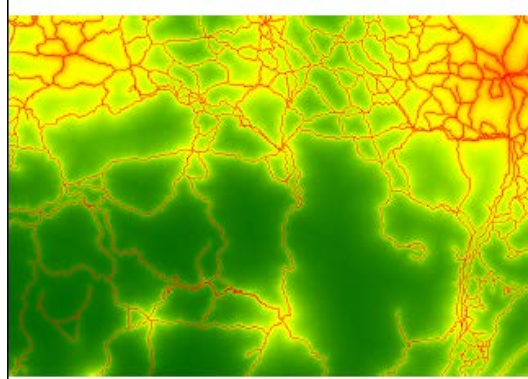


Toward an anthropogenic Index

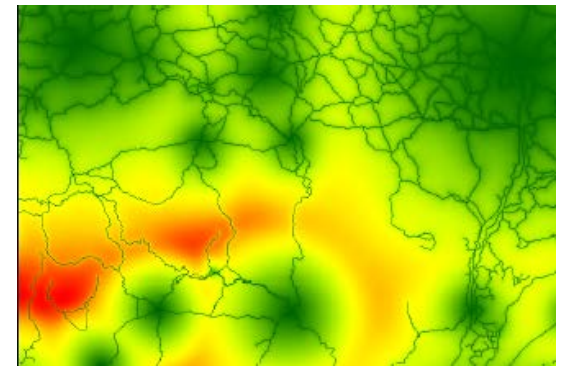
POP 2000



POP 2000 x 2

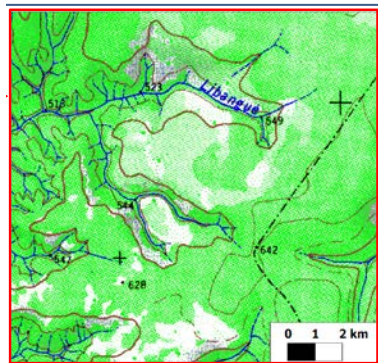


Differences



+

Historical
cities?!



e.g. 1950s IGN maps

Planned
infrastructures?!



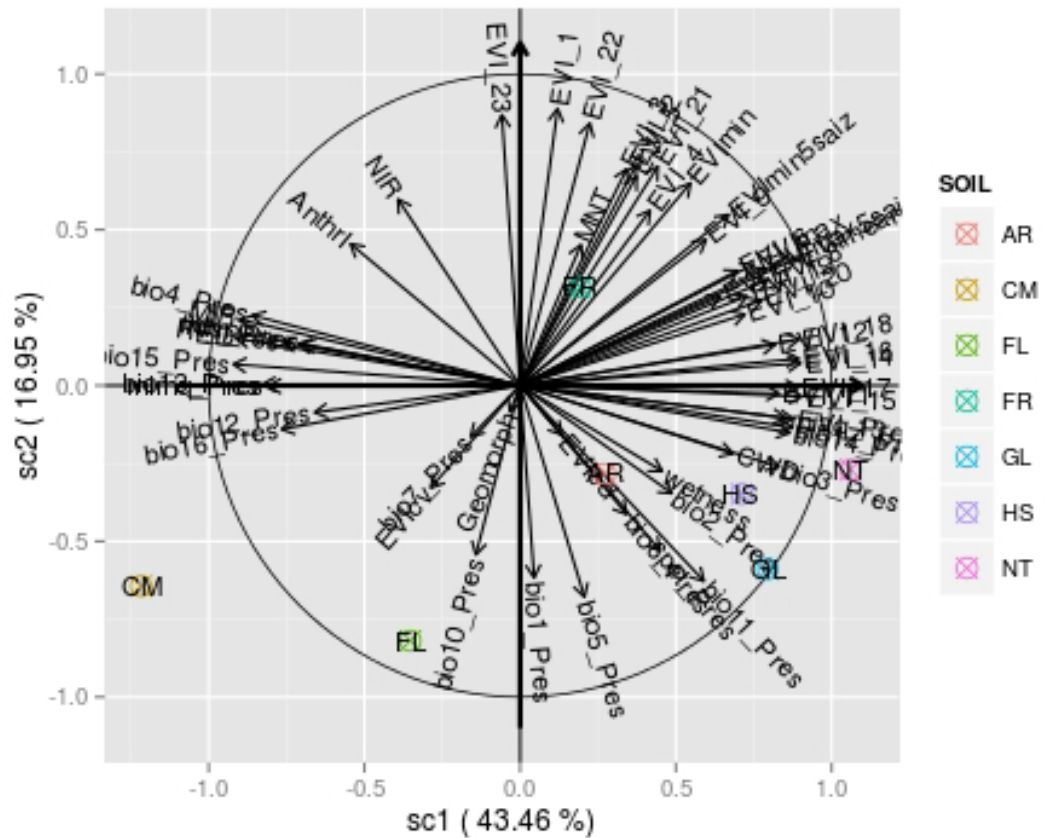
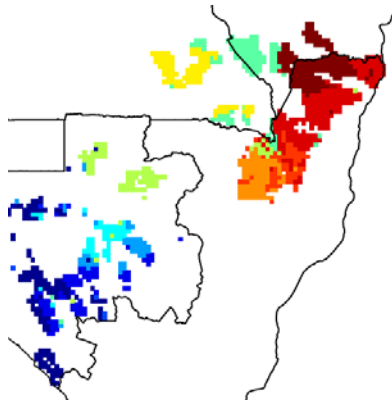
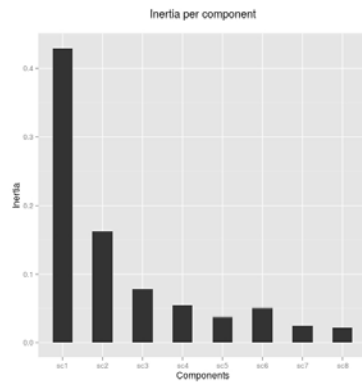
e.g. Mosnier *et al.* (2014)

planned mines?!
planned agrobusiness?!

.....

Predicting floristic composition in space and time

SCGLR

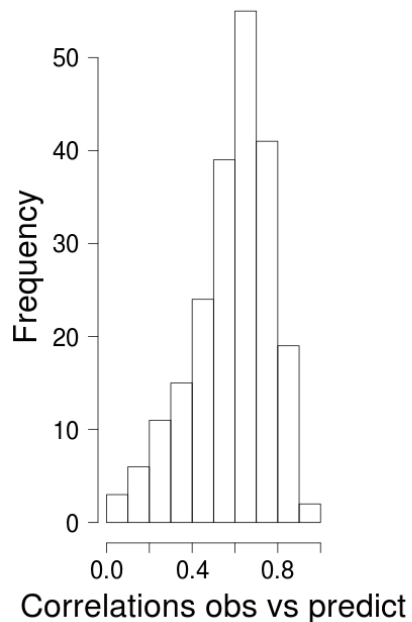


Predicting floristic composition in space and time

SCGLR

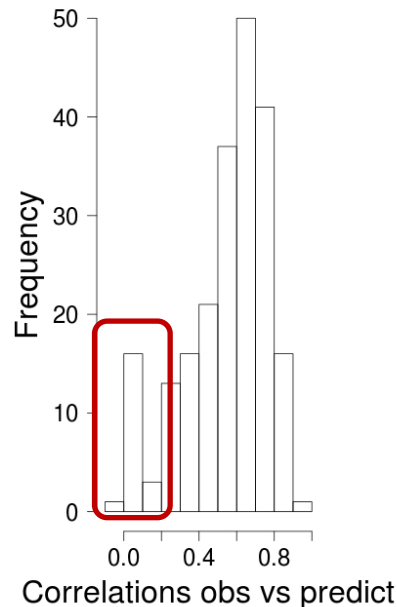
Species level

With Remote Sensing

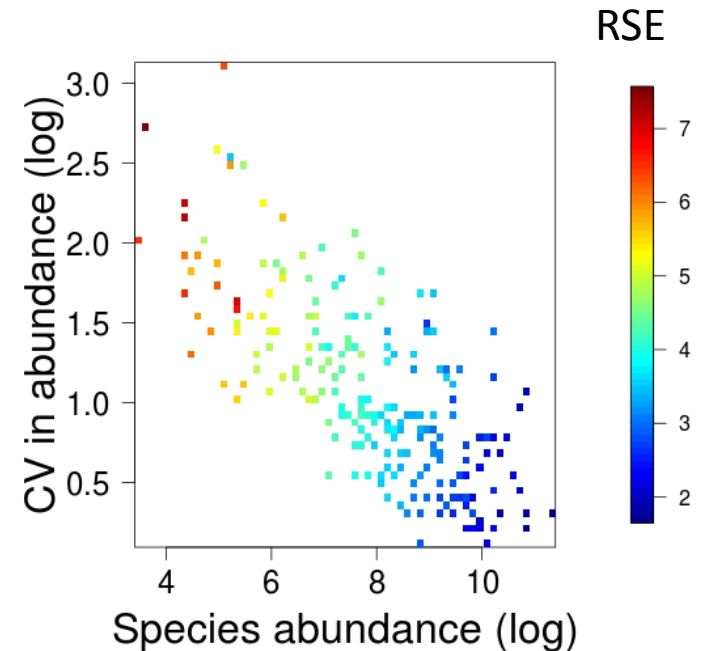


Mean= 0.58
Median=0.62

Without Remote Sensing



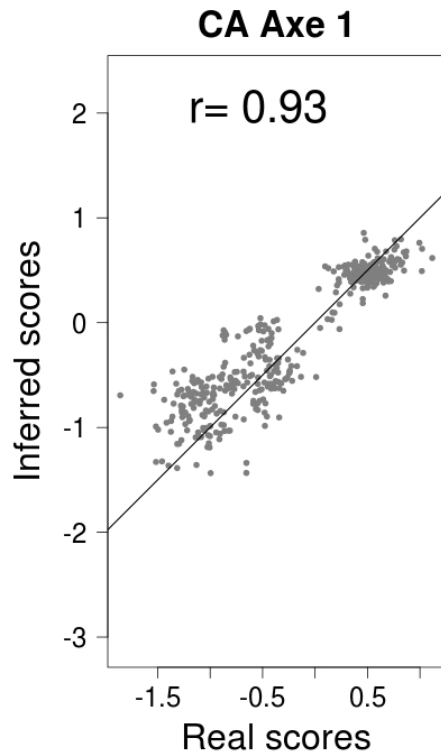
Mean= 0.54
Median=0.60



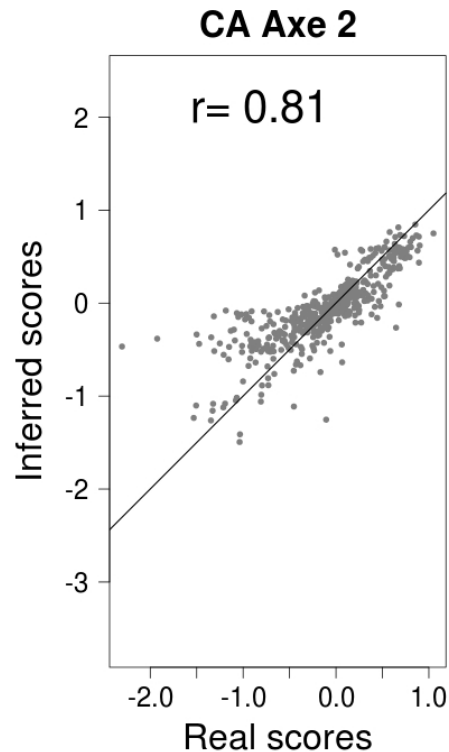
Predicting floristic composition in space and time

SCGLR

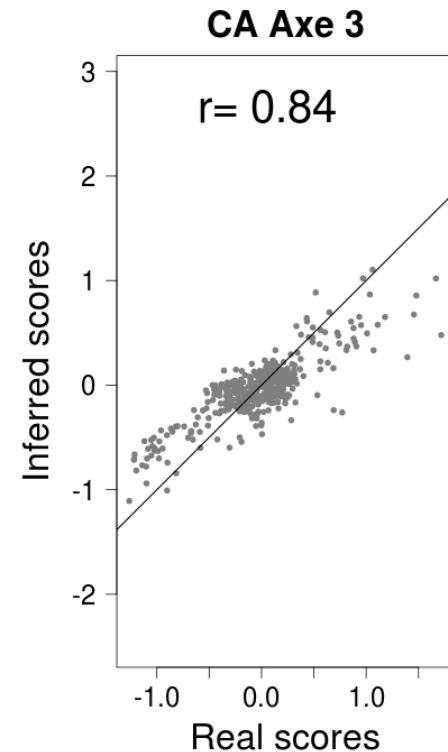
Community level



Without RS:
 $r = 0.92$



Without RS:
 $r = 0.70$

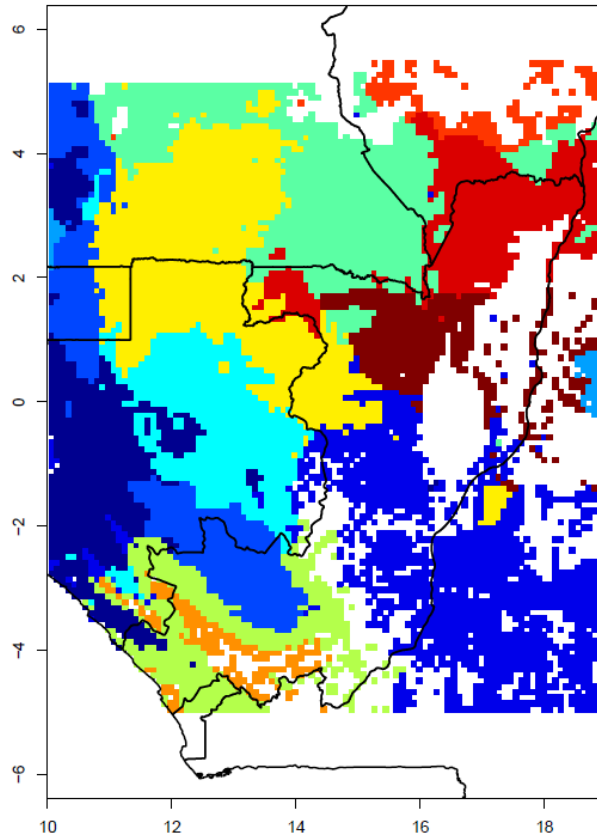
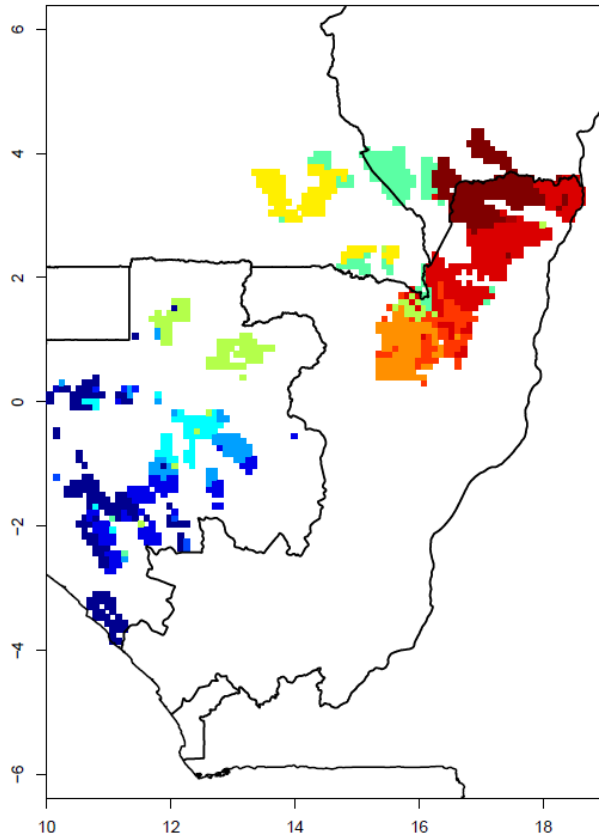


Without RS:
 $r = 0.79$

Predicting floristic composition in space and time

SCGLR

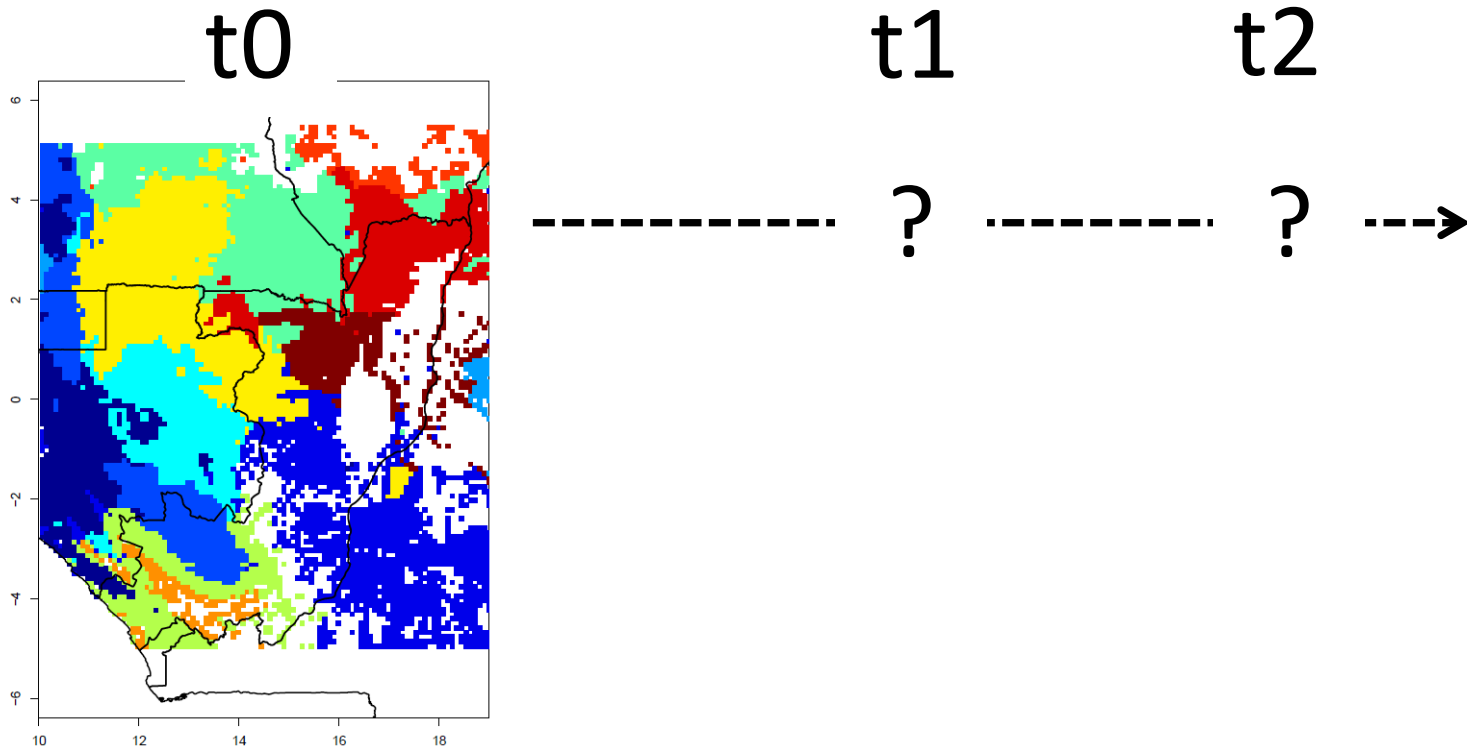
Spatial extrapolation



Predicting floristic composition in space and time

SCGLR

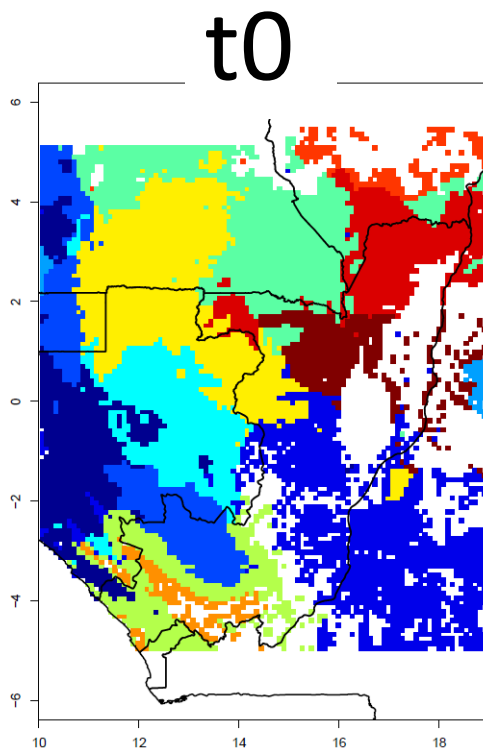
Temporal extrapolation



Predicting floristic composition in space and time

SCGLR

Temporal extrapolation



t1

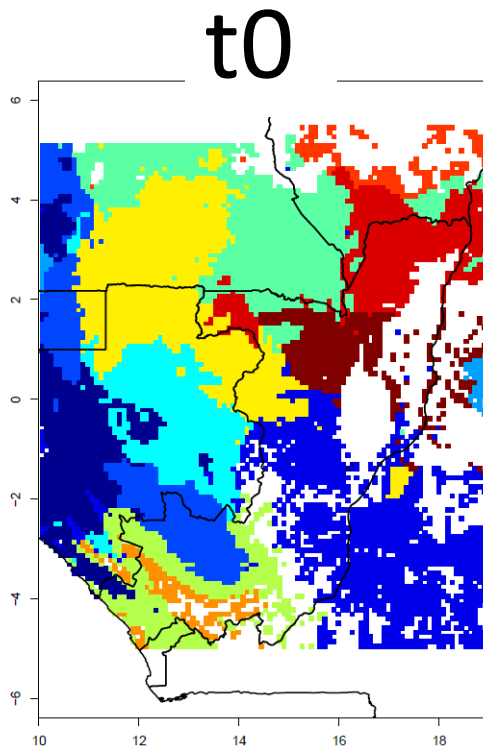
t2

<u>Scenario 1</u>	?	-----	?	--->
<u>Scenario 2</u>	?	-----	?	--->
<u>Scenario 3</u>	?	-----	?	--->

Predicting floristic composition in space and time

SCGLR

Temporal extrapolation



**ARE
YOU
WINNER
OR
LOSER?**

Functionally
clustered?

Phylogenetically
clustered?

Medicinal use,
Wood density,
....

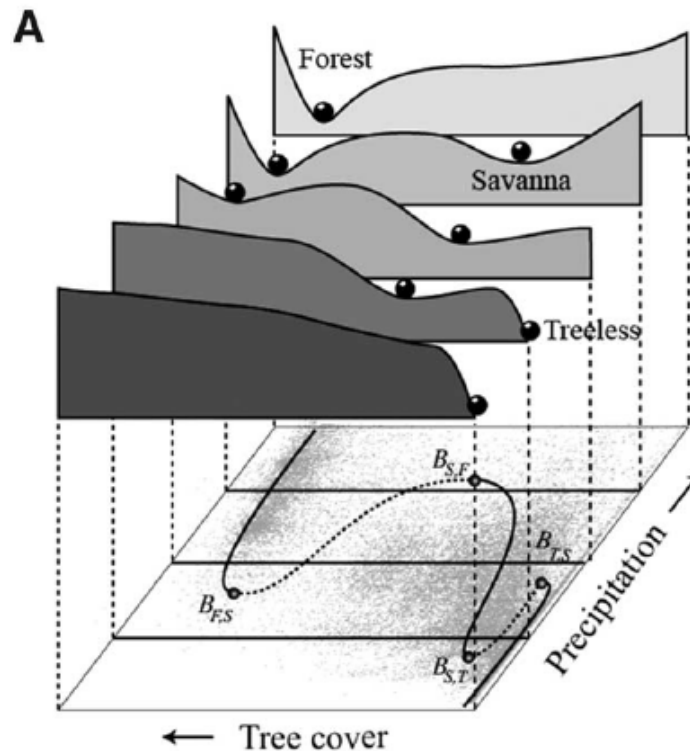
Toward a resilience landscape

« Theory »

14 OCTOBER 2011 VOL 334 SCIENCE

Global Resilience of Tropical Forest and Savanna to Critical Transitions

Marina Hirota,¹ Milena Holmgren,^{2*} Egbert H. Van Nes,¹ Marten Scheffer¹



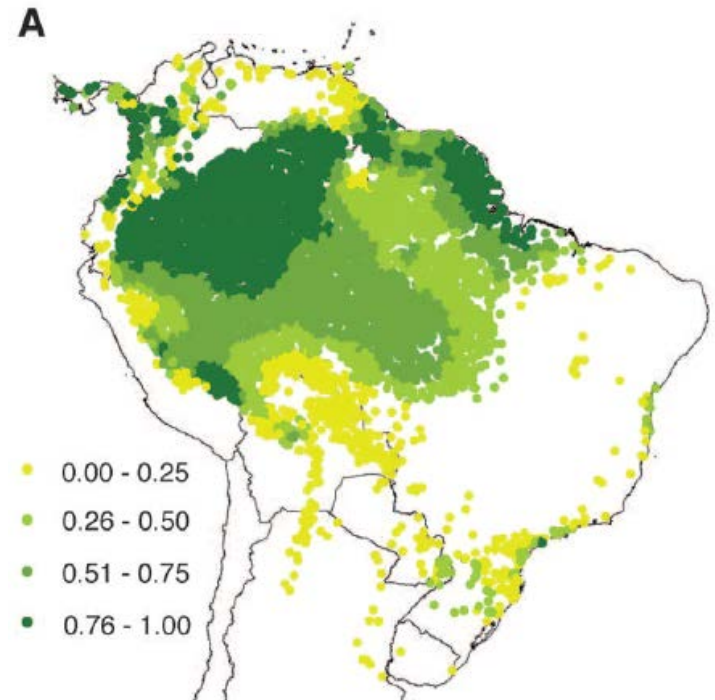
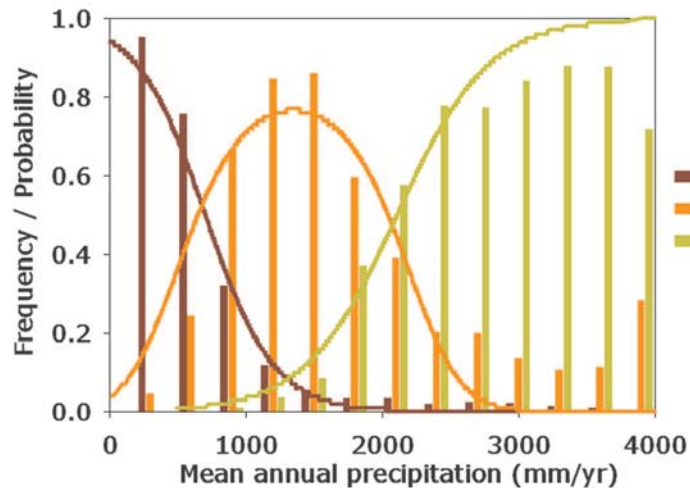
Toward a resilience landscape

« In practice »

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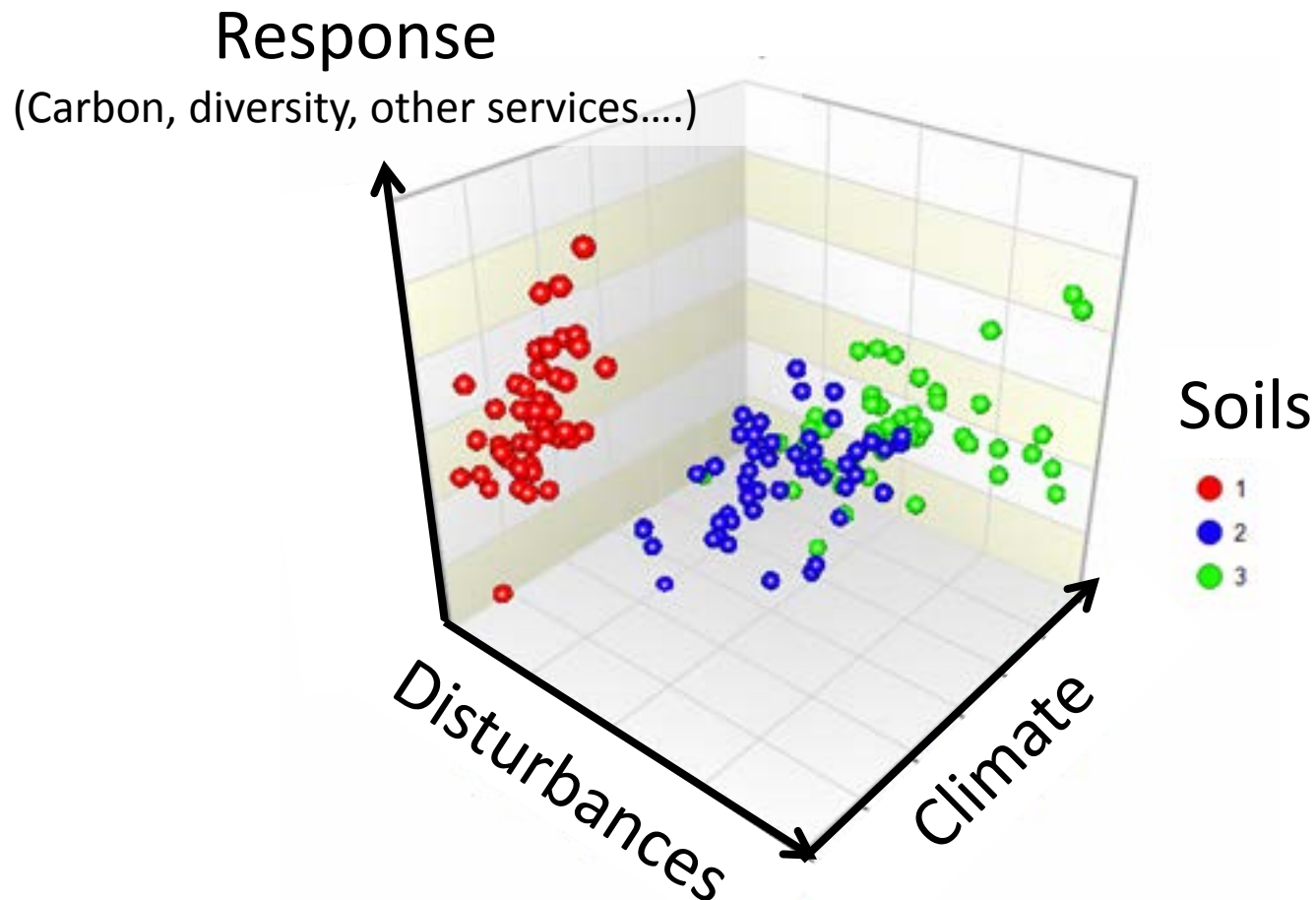
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Toward a resilience landscape

« In our challenging case... »



Toward a resilience landscape

« In our challenging case... »

Response
(Carbon, diversity, other services....)

**Need to develop a conceptual
framework and adapted models**

Disturbances

Climate

Soils

3

Merci...

